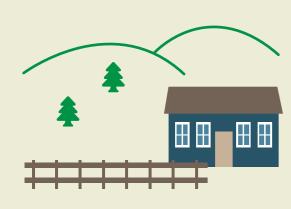
Could the OB/GYN Shortage Lead to Increased Medical Malpractice?





Since some states offer higher payouts for medical malpractice, some **OB/GYNs are moving** to areas where their risk of a lawsuit is lower.



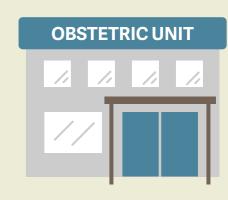
Over
28 million
reproductive-age
women live in rural

U.S. counties.



50%
the counties in the
United States don't have
a practicing OB/GYN.

Almost



Some rural hospitals
do not have obstetric
units, despite a federal
law set in place by the
Emergency Medical
Treatment and Labor Act.

States with the lowest percentage of rural counties with continual obstetric services in their hospitals:

South Carolina

25%

Washington

22%

North Dakota

21%

Nature of obstetric medical malpractice lawsuits:

36% Suffered an abnormal injury

Other

Failure to follow safety procedures

Administrative errors

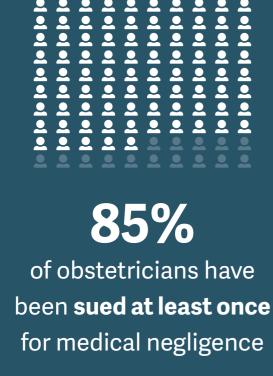
Failure to follow diagnose

Tailure to diagnose

Poor documentation

Poor documentation

Facts About Obstetric Medical Malpractice



89%

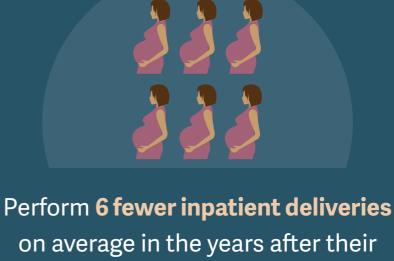
of **male OB/GYNs** have been sued 81%

of **female OB/GYNs**have been sued

Obstetricians:



Face the **second highest number of medical malpractice claims**,
just after neurosurgeons



medical malpractice claim closes

than any other law firm in Oregon that represents injured patients.

Miller & Wagner, LLP has more experience handling medical malpractice cases



www.miller-wagner.com